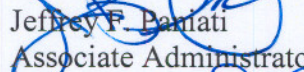
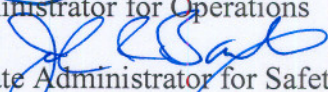


# Memorandum

via Electronic Mail

Subject: **INFORMATION:** MUTCD - Guidance for Use of  
YIELD or STOP Signs with the Crossbuck Sign at  
Passive Highway-Rail Grade Crossings

Date: March 17, 2006

From:  Jeffrey F. Paniati  
Associate Administrator for Operations  
John R. Baxter   
Acting Associate Administrator for Safety

Reply to  
Attn. of: HOTO-1  
HSA-1

To: Associate Administrators  
Chief Counsel  
Directors of Field Services  
Resource Center Director and Operations Managers  
Division Administrators  
Federal Lands Highway Division Engineers

## Background:

A number of questions have been raised regarding provisions in the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) governing the use of YIELD or STOP signs at passive highway-rail grade crossings, and design and placement of such signs. The purpose of this memorandum is to clarify the current MUTCD provisions as well as to provide guidance on design and placement of YIELD or STOP signs in conjunction with the Crossbuck (R15-1) sign at public passive highway-rail crossings. By definition, passive highway-rail crossings are those having warning devices such as signs and pavement markings located at or in advance of grade crossings to indicate the presence of a crossing but which do not change aspect upon the approach or presence of a train.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> This definition is in the 23 CFR Section 646.204



### Determination of Type of Control:

The 2003 MUTCD requires the Crossbuck (R15-1) sign for all highway approaches to railroad grade crossings. It also allows the optional use of YIELD or STOP signs at passive crossings. While the Crossbuck sign is in fact a regulatory sign that requires vehicles to yield to trains and stop if necessary, recent research indicates insufficient road user understanding of and compliance with that regulatory requirement when just the Crossbuck sign is present at passive crossings. Therefore, the FHWA encourages consideration of the use of YIELD or STOP signs in conjunction with the Crossbuck sign at all passive crossings except where train crews always provide flagging to roadway users.

It is recommended that YIELD signs be considered the default choice for traffic control at a passive crossing unless an engineering study or judgment determines that a STOP sign is appropriate. A STOP sign establishes a legal requirement for each and every vehicle to come to a full stop. Indiscriminate use of the STOP sign at all or many passive grade crossings can cause poor compliance, increasing the risk of collisions associated with a high non-compliance rate. Therefore, the use of STOP signs at passive crossings should be limited to unusual conditions where requiring all vehicles to make a full stop is deemed essential by the engineering study or judgment. The engineering study or engineering judgment should consider the following factors:

- The line of sight from an approaching highway vehicle to an approaching train;
- Characteristics of the highway, such as the functional classification, geometric conditions, and traffic volumes and speed;
- Characteristics of the railroad including, but not limited to, frequency, type and speed of trains, and number of tracks;
- Crossing crash history; and
- Need for active control devices.

Please note that certain commercial motor vehicles and school buses are required to stop at all highway-rail grade crossings, in accordance with 49 CFR 392.10, even if a YIELD sign or just a Crossbuck sign are posted.

### Installation Details:

When used at a passive crossing, the YIELD or STOP sign shall be installed in conformance with the general principles and standards for sign installations in Part 2 and Part 8 of the MUTCD. In addition, the following guidance can be considered for the installation of YIELD or STOP signs at passive crossings:

- When the YIELD or STOP sign is installed on the same support as the Crossbuck sign, a strip of retroreflective material shall be used on the front and back of the support. The color of the retroreflective strip on the front of the support may be red (as per Section 2A.21) or white (as per Section 8B.03), while the color of the retroreflective strip on the back of the support shall be white. The dimensions and placement of the retroreflective strips shall be in conformance with the standards in Section 8B.03.



- When a STOP sign is installed in conjunction with the Crossbuck sign, a stop line should be installed, if appropriate to the roadway surface, to indicate the point behind which vehicles are required to stop, as per Section 3B.16.
- When a YIELD sign is used in conjunction with the Crossbuck sign, either a yield line (per Section 3B.16) or a stop line (per Section 8B.21 and Figure 8B-6) may be installed to supplement the YIELD sign. When used, the stop line or yield line (e.g., size, pattern, and location) must be in conformance with provisions in the current MUTCD.
- The stop line or yield line should be located no less than 4.6 m (15 feet) measured perpendicular from the nearest rail, as per Figure 8B-6.

Examples of design and placement of YIELD or STOP signs in conjunction with Crossbuck signs are included in the attachment for consideration by State and local agencies.

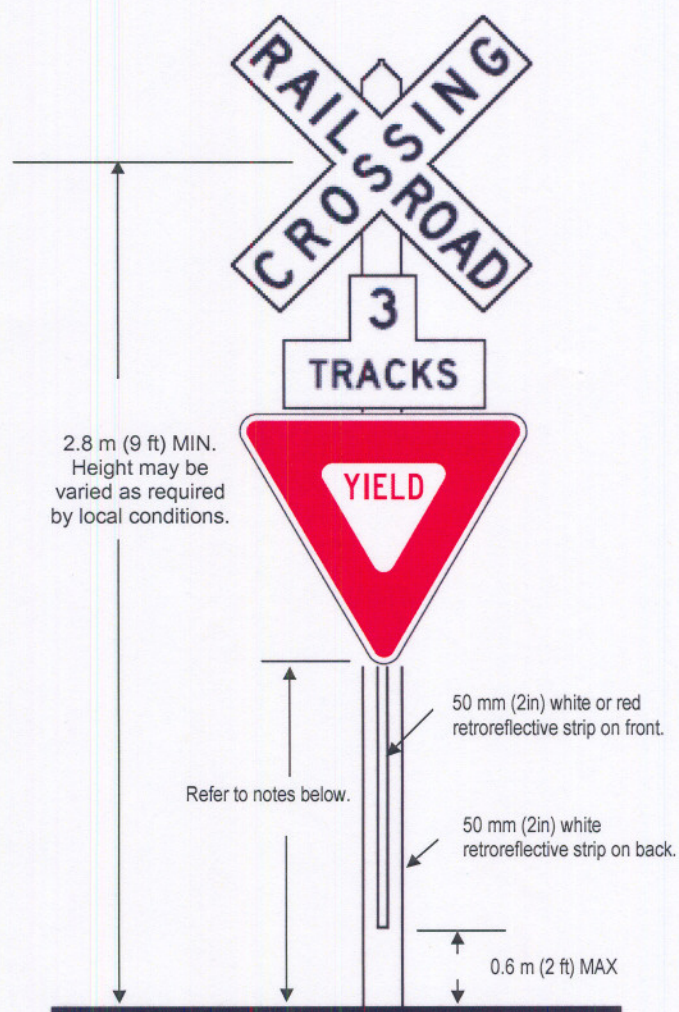
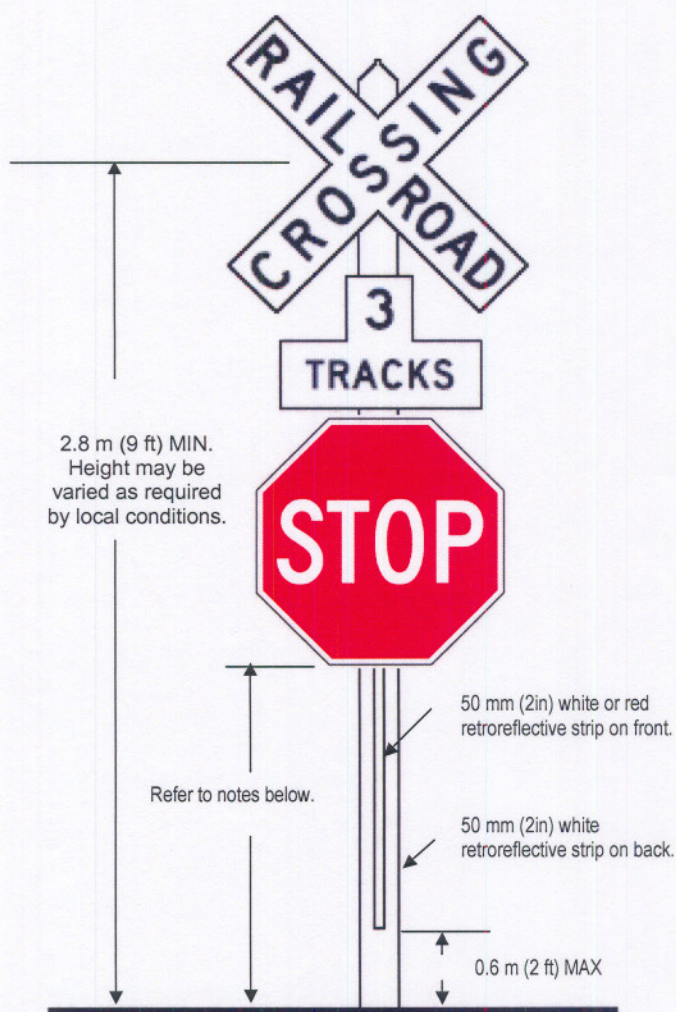
#### Potential Future Actions and Conclusion:

The National Committee on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (NCUTCD) has recommended revising the MUTCD to mandate use of YIELD signs at passive crossings except when STOP signs are determined appropriate by engineering study or engineering judgment. The NCUTCD's recommendation is based on the NCHRP Report 470, Traffic-Control Devices for Passive Railroad-Highway Grade Crossings. The FHWA will consider proposing changes regarding the use of YIELD or STOP signs at passive grade crossings in the next edition of the MUTCD. In the meantime, we encourage FHWA field offices to work with State and local highway agencies to promote the use of YIELD signs (or STOP signs if appropriate) at passive crossings. If there are any further questions about this issue, please contact Mr. Hari Kalla at 202-366-5915 or via e-mail [hari.kalla@fhwa.dot.gov](mailto:hari.kalla@fhwa.dot.gov).

Attachments



**Figure 1. Highway-Rail Grade Crossing (Crossbuck) Sign and STOP or YIELD Sign on Same Post**

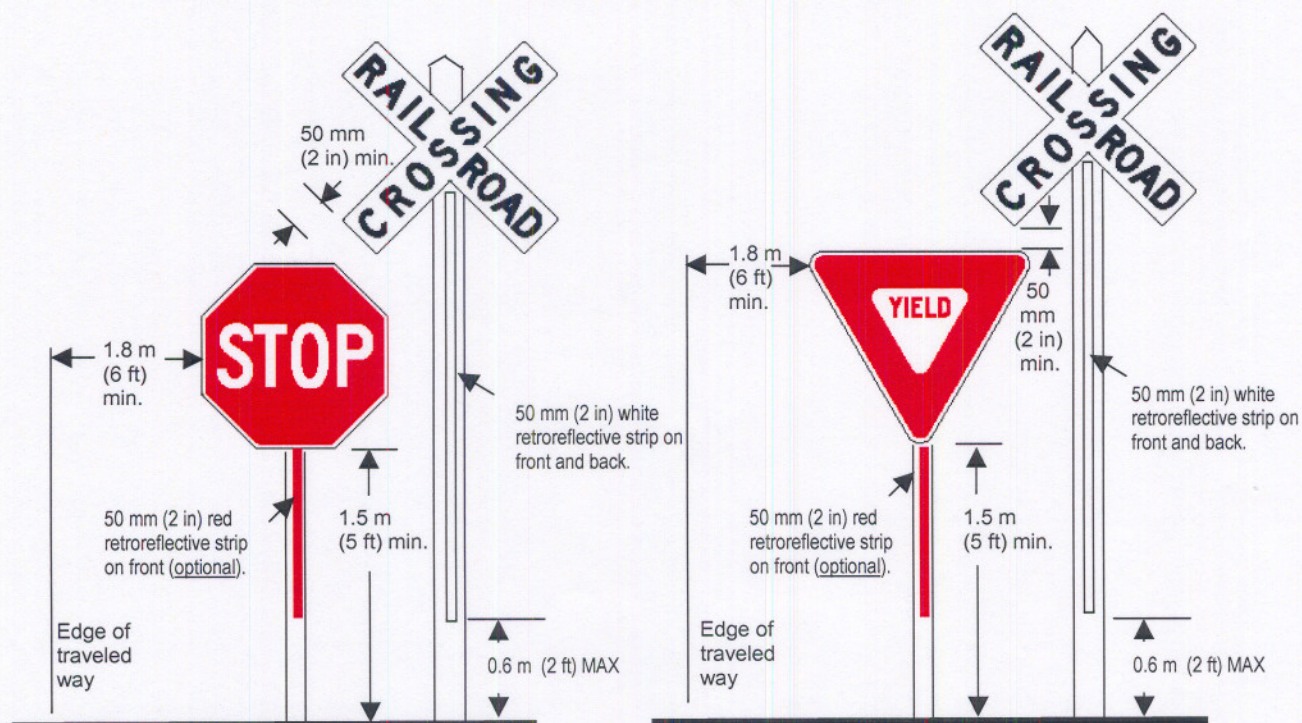


**Note:**

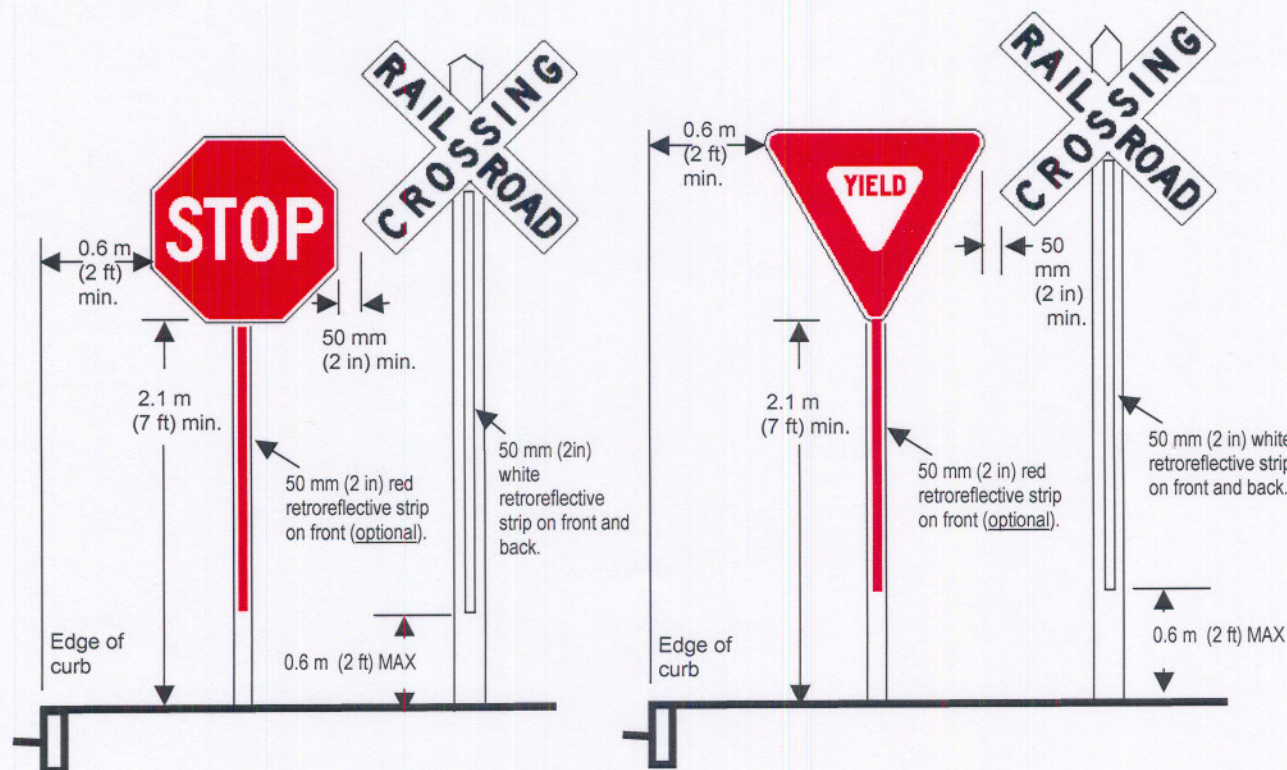
- 1.2 m (4 ft) minimum for installations of STOP or YIELD sign on existing Crossbuck sign support.
- 2.1 m (7 ft) minimum in areas with pedestrian movements or parking.



**Figure 2. Highway-Rail Grade Crossing (Crossbuck) Sign and STOP or YIELD Sign on Separate Posts**



**Rural**



**Area with Pedestrian Movements or Parking**

**Note:**

Place face of signs in the same plane and the YIELD or STOP Sign closest to the traveled way.  
50 mm (2 in) minimum separation between the edge of the Crossbuck sign and edge of YIELD or STOP sign.